Global Value Fund Limited A.B.N. 90 168 653 521

Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2015

Global Value Fund Limited A.B.N. 90 168 653 521 Corporate directory

Directors Jonathan Trollip

Chairman & Independent Director

Chris Cuffe

Independent Director

Geoffrey Wilson

Director

Miles Staude Director

Company Secretary Mark Licciardo

Mertons Corporate Services Pty Limited

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Investment Manager Metage Capital Limited

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London WCIV 7EU United Kingdom

Auditors Moore Stephens Sydney

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Registered Office Global Value Fund

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Stock Exchange Australian Securities Exchange (ASX)

The home exchange is Sydney

ASX code: GVF Ordinary Shares

ASX code: GVFO Options \$1.00 expiring 17 March 2016

Global Value Fund Limited A.B.N. 90 168 653 521 Annual Report – 30 June 2015

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Dear fellow shareholders,

On behalf of the directors of the Global Value Fund Limited ("Global Value Fund" or "the Company"), I am pleased to present the Company's first full-year results and annual report for the year ended 30 June 2015 ("FY2015").

FY2015 was a formative year for the Global Value Fund as it listed on the ASX on 21 July 2014. The capital of the Company has been invested by Metage Capital Limited ("the Investment Manager"), in a portfolio of carefully selected global assets, trading at significant discounts to their intrinsic value and utilising the Investment Manager's unique discount capture strategy.

Investment Performance and Financial Highlights

In the period since the Investment Manager began investing on 17 July 2014 to 30 June 2015, the investment portfolio generated a very strong pre-tax return of 21% net of all fees and expenses.

As the Company is an investment company, its profitability it driven by the returns from the investment portfolio. The Company reported a net profit after tax of \$8.54 million for the year ended 30 June 2015. As at 30 June 2015, the undiluted pre-tax net tangible asset backing ("NTA") of the Company was \$1.17 per share and the undiluted post-tax net tangible asset backing of the Company was \$1.12 per share.

Please read the Investment Manager's report on pages 2 to 4 for further information on the historical performance of the portfolio and the Investment Manager's outlook.

Dividends

The strong investment performance allowed the Board to declare the Company's first fully franked dividend of 2.0 cents per share, payable on 6 November 2015 to shareholders as at the 23 October 2015 record date.

This first dividend is an important milestone for the Company. The Board continues to anticipate being in a position to announce an interim fully franked dividend with the release of the Company's December half-year results. The size and any payment of an interim dividend for FY2016 will be subject to the Company having sufficient profit reserves and franking credits, and the payment being within prudent business practices. If an interim dividend is declared, the Board expects that it would be payable during April 2016.

Thank you

I would like to thank all of our IPO shareholders for their continuing support and also welcome our new shareholders onto the Company's register.

I look forward to seeing many of you at the Company's annual general meeting in Sydney on 24 November, 2015, and I encourage you to attend the Investment Manager's interstate investment presentations to be held during November 2015.

Jonathan Trollip Chairman

mathen Map

Sydney 28 September 2015

Financial Year in Review

Making sense of financial markets is always much clearer when looking through the rear-vision mirror, as opposed to looking out at the road ahead. It is important to remember therefore that our understanding of what financial markets are pricing in today was much less clear twelve months ago. FY2015 started rather ominously; in July 2014 the US Fed announced that it would begin reducing the pace of its purchases of government debt, setting it on a path to ending its latest quantitative easing program. In 2013, the last time the Fed had made such noises, an ensuing "taper tantrum" led to a rapid rise in bond yields and a subsequent sell-off in the debt and equity markets. As FY2015 began therefore, many in the market were calling an end to the six year old equity bull market and warning about substantial rises in interest rates to come. QE3 did end in October of 2014 as the Fed had guided it would and key benchmark interest rates around the world promptly began to, surprisingly, fall. In Australia, the yield on the benchmark 10-year government bond ended FY2015 half a percent lower than where it began, hitting a low of 2.28% in February of 2015, the lowest Commonwealth borrowing rate since Australian federation.

Predictions of a great bond bear market therefore went unheeded once again and with interest rates generally falling, investors in government and investment grade debt enjoyed another year of modest positive returns. The exceptions to this were returns in the sub-investment grade or "junk-debt" space, where widening yield spreads led to small losses for investors over the year.

In the equity markets, the bull market that began in 2009 showed little sign of ageing. Share markets in the US, Europe and Australia rose 7.4%, 11.1% and 5.4% respectively in local currency terms¹. The most notable move however was in China, where the share market rose a staggering 106% during FY2015 - although as at the end of August this year it had fallen 24%, giving back much of those gains.

In the currency markets a resurgent US dollar was the dominant theme. Having spent the previous two years moving within a 5% trading range, the trade-weighted US dollar index rallied 20% during FY2015.

If there was one unifying theme during FY2015 it was probably that quality, in general, outperformed. Excluding China's wild ride, developed markets outperformed emerging markets and investment grade debt outperformed its riskier cousins.

Performance

The return on the investment portfolio net of all fees and expenses was $21\%^2$ during FY2015, a very satisfying result for a new fund, especially considering that it took several months to fully invest the IPO proceeds. The Company's pre-tax NTA per share increased from \$0.979 to \$1.174 over the course of the year³. Including the theoretical dilution from the Company's outstanding options, the diluted pre-tax NTA stood at \$1.092 at the end of June 2015.

The Global Value Fund invests using a unique discount capture strategy, investing in securities that are trading at a discount to their underlying asset value. There is no formal benchmark for the Company's investment portfolio; instead we seek to build a portfolio of discounted securities across a range of global asset classes. This diversification of asset classes, along with the use of modest amounts of portfolio hedging, supports our aim of protecting investors by running a portfolio that has meaningfully less market risk than one invested solely in a portfolio of international shares. While we aim to deliver a lower risk profile, the successful application of our discount capture technique still allows us to target delivering equity market type returns for shareholders.

¹ US, European and Australian share market returns refer to the S&P 500, Euro Stoxx and the ASX 200 indexes, while Chinese returns refer to the S&P/Citic 300 Index. All returns quoted are total returns.

² Refers to pre-tax undiluted return, after fees and expenses.

³ The difference between investment portfolio returns and pre-tax NTA returns relates to the impact of option exercises during the year.

Exhibit 1 shows the gross return of the investment portfolio over FY2015. Returns have been attributed into three different categories. Returns attributable to favourable currency moves, returns attributable to the market exposures of the underlying assets the fund held and returns attributable to our discount capture strategy.

■ Market ■ Currency ■ Excess Return 25% 20% 15% 10% 5% 0 (5%)Jul-14 Sep-14 Oct-14 Nov-14 Dec-14 Jan-15 Feb-15 Mar-15 Apr-15 May-15 Jun-15 Aug-14

Exhibit 1: Gross investment portfolio⁴ returns FY2015

Source: Metage Capital, Bloomberg

On a trade weighted basis the Australian dollar fell by 11.4% during FY2015. Given the fund invests internationally in a range of different currencies, the broad-based depreciation of the Australian dollar was a significant driver of returns over the year. On a gross basis, favourable currency moves added 11.9% to portfolio returns. The fund's underlying portfolio of asset classes includes equities, bonds, hedge funds, private equity holdings and real estate investments. Broadly, most of these asset classes appreciated during FY2015 and the gross returns delivered from the fund's underlying assets classes was 5.6%. Finally, the successful application of our discount capture technique added a further 8.8% to returns. Discount capture represents the excess returns generated by the investment manager and is a strong result. Through time our aim is to deliver excess returns of 5% per annum, over and above market returns, through our investment process. The performance during FY2015 thus represents an encouraging start for us and hopefully bodes well for the future.

Outlook

At the start of FY2015 the consensus expectation was that the Fed would have already lifted interest rates once by now. Today markets are split as to whether we will see an interest rate rise this calendar year at all. Sometime in the not too distant future US interest rates will surely have to begin rising and, after years of ultraeasy US monetary policy, there is considerable anxiety from many in the market as to what impact this unwinding will have. While we acknowledge the market risks that tighter policy will bring, we also accept that trying to predict the future is a dangerous game.

⁴ Gross Investment portfolio returns refer to total investment returns before taxes paid, expenses, management fees and the impact from dilution from the exercising of outstanding option.

Global Value Fund Limited Investment Manager's Report 30 June 2015 (continued)

Outlook (continued)

Our own view is that while monetary policy will soon begin to tighten in the US, it remains very accommodative in both the Eurozone and Japan, and many of the powerful drivers which have been supportive of asset prices over the past 6 years remain broadly in place. Finally it is worth noting that rising interest rates do not on their own signal that equity markets must fall. In ten of the past twelve interest rate rising cycles by the US Fed, the US stock market⁵ has risen in the year following the first rate increase.

On balance therefore, we continue to remain cautiously optimistic about the outlook for the year ahead and for asset prices in general. More importantly, with the portfolio now fully invested, the team and I remain focused on what we do best, unlocking the considerable intrinsic value within the current investment portfolio and finding future opportunities for the fund.

Miles Staude Portfolio Manager 28 September 2015

⁵ As measured by the return of the S&P 500 index.

Portfolio Composition As at 30 June 2015

Total Portfolio at 30 June 2015

	Fair Value	Notional Value ¹
Long Equity Positions – Held for Trading	\$	\$
Long Equity Positions – Held for Trading HSBC China Dragon Fund Boussard & Gavaudan Holding CQS Diversified Fund Pacific Alliance China Land Vinaland Limited ZDP Marwyn Value Investors AXA Property Trust Harbourvest Global Private Equity Tri-Continental Corporation Is Yatirim Ortakligi A.S Western Asset/Claymore Inflation-Linked Opportunities & Income Fund New Ireland Fund VinaCapital Vietnam Opportunity Fund Westpac TPS Convertible Preference CBA PERLS III North American Income Trust ANZ Banking Group Convertible Preference	8,772,542 5,302,073 4,810,652 4,447,127 3,787,610 3,069,461 2,625,616 2,273,472 2,236,087 2,172,231 2,166,222 2,069,744 1,948,482 1,508,122 1,506,435 656,410 603,000	- - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Acheron Portfolio Corporation	517,879	-
Aberdeen Latin American Income Fund	443,943	_
	50,917,108	
Derivative Financial Instruments – Held for Trading		
Long Equity Swaps		
Schroder UK Growth Fund Standard Life UK SmallCo's TST AMP Capital China Growth Fund JPMorgan American IT Global High Income MVC Capital Deutsche Strategic Income North American Income Trust Western Asset/Claymore Inflation-Linked Opportunities & Income Fund New Star Investment Trust JPMorgan Russian Securities Polar Capital Global Financials Henderson Global Trust Templeton Emerging Markets IT	- - - - - - - - - - - - -	3,721,877 3,669,375 3,559,482 3,212,586 1,220,539 1,090,034 993,080 820,513 769,621 572,776 514,467 491,925 381,717 262,717
Short Equity Swaps		
Entertainment One	-	(1,139,382)
Short Index Futures		, , ,
FTSE/XINHUA China A50 Index [SGX]	882,838	(9,904,166)
Forward Currency Contracts	,	(=,===,===,
CNY [USD] FX Cross	(57,812)	(6,546,262)
		(0,010,202)
Total fair value portfolio investments	<u>51,742,134</u>	
Aggregate notional value of all derivatives		38,870,519 ¹

¹ The aggregate notional value of all derivatives is \$38,870,519. The notional value represents the face amount of the underlying instrument referenced in the contract and is the amount at risk - refer Note 3 (a).

Global Value Fund Limited Corporate Governance Statement 30 June 2015

Corporate Governance Statement

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for corporate governance. The Board has chosen to prepare the Corporate Governance Statement ("CGS") in accordance with the third edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Principles and Recommendations under which the CGS may be made available on a Company's website.

Accordingly, a copy of the Company's CGS is available on the Company website www.globalvaluefund.com.au under the Company Summary/ Company Policies section.

Directors' Report

The Directors present their report together with the financial report of Global Value Fund Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 30 June 2015. The previous corresponding period was 20 March 2014 to 30 June 2014.

Directors

The following persons held office as Directors of the Company during the financial year:

Jonathan Trollip – Chairman & Independent Director Chris Cuffe – Independent Director Geoffrey Wilson – Non-Independent Director Miles Staude - Non-Independent Director

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report.

Principal activities

The Company was established with a view to provide investors with the opportunity to invest in global financial markets through a carefully constructed portfolio of financial assets trading at a discount to their underlying value. The investment manager Metage Capital Limited ("the Manager") specialises in buying discounted assets and in employing proprietary systems and strategies designed to capture the intrinsic value of its investments.

This proposition gives investors the opportunity to invest in an actively managed portfolio that does not attempt to replicate standard financial indices. Rather, the Company's approach is designed to seek to provide superior risk-adjusted returns compared to more traditional forms of international equity investing.

No change in this activity is anticipated in the future.

Dividends

No dividend was paid during the year ended 30 June 2015.

Since the end of the financial year, the Company has declared a fully-franked final dividend of 2.0 cents per share to be paid on 6 November 2015. Option holders who elect to exercise all or part of their options by the close of business on 2 October 2015 will be entitled to receive the fully-franked final dividend including the franking credits attached thereto. The Directors are investigating revising the current dividend reinvestment plan ("DRP") under which investors may elect to receive their dividends in shares rather than cash, but the DRP will not be available for this dividend.

Review of operations

The Company was incorporated on 20 March 2014 and did not conduct any operations for the year ended 30 June 2014. The Company was admitted to the Official List of ASX Limited on 18 July 2014. Official quotation of the Company's securities commenced on 21 July 2014. The Company issued 54,961,600 fully paid ordinary shares at an issue price of \$1.00 and 54,961,600 options each exercisable at \$1.00 expiring on 17 March 2016.

The Company's investment portfolio comprises mainly equities and closed ended funds that are listed on various international exchanges as well as cash deposits denominated in domestic and foreign currencies.

Investment operations for the year ended 30 June 2015 resulted in an operating profit before tax of \$12,158,857 and an operating profit after tax of \$8,538,899.

Asset backing for each ordinary share at 30 June 2015 after tax amounted to \$1.12 per share. Asset backing for each ordinary share at 30 June 2015 before tax amounted to \$1.17 per share.

Financial Position

The net asset value of the Company for the current financial year ended was \$73,558,677 (2014: \$1).

Significant changes in the state of affairs

Significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company during the financial year were as follows:

On 26 February 2015, the Company had successfully raised \$7.6 million through the Placement of 6,881,512 ordinary shares with a free attached option to sophisticated and professional investors at an issue price of \$1.11 per share. Under the Placement, 6,881,512 options were issued at an exercise price of \$1.00 per share. The options can be exercised at any time on or before 17 March 2016. The Placement was within the Company's capacity under ASX Listing rule 7.1 and 7.1a and did not require shareholder approval.

During the year 3,775,150 options have been exercised and allotted for a total consideration of \$3,775,150.

Significant changes in the state of affairs (continued)

Other than the matters noted above, there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company during the year ended 30 June 2015.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial period

Since the end of the financial year, the Company has declared a fully-franked final dividend of 2.0 cents per share to be paid on 6 November 2015. Option holders who elect to exercise all or part of their options by the close of business on 2 October 2015 will be entitled to receive the fully-franked final dividend including the franking credits attached thereto. The Directors are investigating revising the current dividend reinvestment plan ("DRP") under which investors may elect to receive their dividends in shares rather than cash, but the DRP will not be available for this dividend.

Other than the dividend declared after year end, no other matter or circumstance has occurred subsequent to year end that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in subsequent financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Company will continue to pursue its investment objectives for the long term benefit of the members. This will require continual review of the investment strategies that are currently in place and may require changes to these strategies to maximise returns.

The underlying holdings of the Company consist of a portfolio of carefully selected global assets, trading at significant discounts to their intrinsic value. With the portfolio now largely invested, the Manager is optimistic about the outlook for the Company's discount capture strategy given the opportunity set underlying the fund. Further, given the recent volatility in financial markets, the Manager expects to be able to capitalise on new opportunities as they arise whilst seeking to protect shareholders through running a portfolio with meaningfully less market risk than one invested solely in a portfolio of international shares.

Environmental regulation

The Company is not affected by any significant environmental regulation in respect of its operations.

To the extent that any environmental regulations may have an incidental impact on the Company's operations, the Directors of the Company are not aware of any breach by the Company of those regulations.

Information on directors

Jonathan Trollip Chairman and Independent Director

Experience and expertise

Jonathan Trollip has over 30 years of legal and commercial experience in the international financial sector. He is currently a principal and Director of Sydney-based finance group Meridian International Capital Limited with whom he has worked for the past 22 years. Jonathan has a Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics from the University of Cape Town, post graduate degrees in economics and law from the University of Cape Town and the University of London (London School of Economics) and is a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

Other current directorships

Jonathan Trollip is Chairman of ASX-listed Future Generation Investment Company Limited and holds a number of private company directorships in the commercial and not-for-profit sectors including BCAL Diagnostics Pty Limited, the University of Cape Town Alumni Trust and Science for Wildlife Limited.

Former directorships in last 3 years

Jonathan Trollip has not held any other directorships of listed companies within the last three years.

Special responsibilities

Chairman of the Board

Interests in shares and options

Details of Jonathan Trollip's interests in shares of the Company are included in the Remuneration Report.

Interests in contracts

Jonathan Trollip has no interests in contracts of the Company.

Global Value Fund Limited Directors' Report For the year ended 30 June 2015 (continued)

Information on directors (continued)

Chris Cuffe Independent Director

Experience and expertise

Chris has more than 25 years of experience in building successful wealth management practices. Most notably he joined Colonial First State in 1988 and became its CEO two years later, leading the company from a start-up operation to Australia's largest investment manager.

In 2003 Chris became the CEO of Challenger Financial Services Group Limited and subsequently headed up Challenger's Wealth Management business. Chris is now involved in a portfolio of activities including a number of directorships, managing public and private investments and in various roles assisting the non-profit sector.

Chris holds a Bachelor of Commerce from the University of NSW and a Diploma from the Securities Institute of Australia. He is a Fellow of the Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand, a Fellow of the Institute of Company Directors and an Associate of the Financial Services Institute of Australasia. In October 2007 Chris was inducted into the Australian Fund Manager's RBS Hall of Fame for services to the investment industry. Chris is a founder/producer of online weekly financial newsletter Cuffelinks.

Other current directorships

Chris Cuffe is Chairman of UniSuper (the \$50 billion superannuation scheme servicing the staff of universities and higher education sector across Australia), Chairman of Fitzpatrick Private Wealth and Atrium Investment Management (a national advisory and wealth management firm), Chairman of Australian Philanthropic Services (a non profit organisation assisting philanthropists), Chairman of Primary Ethics Future Trust (the capital pool helping to support non profit organisation Primary Ethics) and a director of Third Link Investment Managers (the manager of an Australian equities fund known as Third Link Growth Fund).

Former directorships in last 3 years

Chris Cuffe has not held any other directorships of listed companies within the last three years.

Interests in shares and options

Details of Chris Cuffe's interests in shares of the Company are included in the Remuneration Report.

Interests in contracts

Chris Cuffe has no interests in contracts of the Company.

Geoffrey Wilson Non-Independent Director

Experience and expertise

Geoffrey Wilson has over 35 years experience in the Australian and international securities industry. He holds a Bachelor of Science Degree and a Graduate Management Qualification. He is also a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors and a Fellow of the Securities Institute of Australia.

Other current directorships

Geoffrey Wilson is currently Chairman of WAM Capital Limited, WAM Research Limited, WAM Active Limited and the Australian Stockbrokers Foundation. He is the founder and a Director of Future Generation Global Investment Company Limited and Future Generation Investment Company Limited and a Director of Australian Leaders Fund Limited, Clime Capital Limited, Century Australia Investments Limited, Incubator Capital Limited, Sporting Chance Cancer Foundation, the Australian Fund Managers Foundation, Odyssey House McGrath Foundation, Australian Children's Music Foundation and he is a Member of the Second Bite NSW Advisory Committee. He is also founder and Director of investment management companies Wilson Asset Management (International) Pty Limited and MAM Pty Limited.

Former directorships in last 3 years

Geoffrey Wilson is a former Director of Cadence Capital Limited.

Interests in shares and options

Details of Geoffrey Wilson's interests in shares of the Company are included in the Remuneration Report.

Interests in contracts

Details of Geoffrey Wilson's interests in contracts of the Company are included in the Remuneration Report.

Global Value Fund Limited Directors' Report For the year ended 30 June 2015 (continued)

Information on directors (continued)

Miles Staude Non-Independent Director

Experience and expertise

Miles has 15 years' experience in investment management and research covering equity, commodity and currency markets. He has spent 8 years at the company's Investment Manager Metage Capital Limited where he is responsible for closed-end fund and equity trading and is primarily involved in event-driven and activist investments for the firm.

Prior to working for Metage Capital Limited, Miles spent 5 years as a sell side analyst at RBC Capital Markets based in both Sydney and London. He holds an Economics degree from Sydney University and is a CFA Charterholder.

Other current directorships

Miles is not currently a Director in any other companies.

Former directorships in last 3 years

Miles Staude has not held any other directorships of listed companies within the last three years.

Special responsibilities

Fund Manager

Interests in shares and options

Details of Miles Staude's interests in shares of the Company are included in the Remuneration Report.

Interests in contracts

Details of Miles Staude's interests in contracts of the Company are included in the Remuneration Report.

Company secretary

Mark Licciardo B Bus(Acc), GradDip CSP, FGIA, FCIS, GAICD (Company Secretary)

Experience and special responsibilities

Mark Licciardo is Managing Director of Mertons Corporate Services Pty Ltd (Mertons) which provides company secretarial and corporate governance consulting services to ASX listed and unlisted public and private companies.

Prior to establishing Mertons, Mark Licciardo was Company Secretary of the Transurban Group and Australian Foundation Investment Company Limited. Mark has also had an extensive commercial banking career with the Commonwealth Bank and State Bank Victoria. Mark Licciardo is a former Chairman of the Governance Institute Australia (GIA) in Victoria and the Melbourne Fringe Festival, a fellow of GIA, a graduate member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors (AICD) and a Director of several public and private companies.

Meetings of directors

The numbers of meetings of the Company's board of Directors held during the year ended 30 June 2015, and the numbers of meetings attended by each Director were:

	Directors' N	leetings
	Α	В
Jonathan Trollip	4	4
Chris Cuffe	4	4
Geoffrey Wilson	4	4
Miles Staude	4	4

A = Number of meetings attended

B = Number of meetings held during the time the Director held office during the period

Remuneration report (audited)

This report details the nature and amount of remuneration for each Director of Global Value Fund Limited in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001. The Company Secretary is remunerated under a service agreement with Mertons Corporate Services Pty Ltd.

Details of remuneration

All Directors of the Company are non-executive Directors. The Board from time to time determines remuneration of Directors within the maximum amount approved by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. Directors are not entitled to any other remuneration.

Fees and payments to Directors reflect the demands that are made on them and their responsibilities. The performance of Directors will be reviewed annually. The Board determines the remuneration levels and ensures they are competitively set to attract and retain appropriately qualified and experienced Directors.

The maximum total remuneration of the Directors of the Company has been set at \$90,000 per annum. Directors do not receive bonuses nor are they issued options on securities as part of their remuneration. Directors' fees cover all main Board activities and membership of committees.

Directors' remuneration is not directly linked to the Company's performance.

The following tables show details of the remuneration received by the Directors of the Company for the current and prior financial year. The Directors did not receive payment of their remuneration in respect of the period ended 30 June 2014 until the 30 June 2015 financial year.

	Short term Employee benefits	Post-employment benefits	Total
2015	Salary and fees	Superannuation	
Name	\$	\$	\$
Jonathan Trollip	31,964	3,036	35,000
Chris Cuffe	27,397	2,603	30,000
Geoffrey Wilson	9,132	868	10,000
Miles Staude	-	-	-
Total Director Remuneration	68,493	6,507	75,000
2014			
Name			
Jonathan Trollip	8,851	929	9,780
Chris Cuffe	7,584	796	8,380
Geoffrey Wilson	2,525	265	2,790
Miles Staude		-	-
Total Director Remuneration	18,960	1,990	20,950

The total amount paid to the Directors in relation to the two periods was \$95,950.

Remuneration report (audited) (continued)

Details of remuneration (continued)

The Company has no employees other than Non-Executive Directors and therefore does not have a remuneration policy for employees.

The Directors are the only people considered to be key management personnel of the Company.

Director Related Entity Remuneration

All transactions with related entities are made on normal commercial terms and conditions.

Miles Staude, a Director of the Company, is also an employee of the Manager, Metage Capital Limited.

The associated fees payable to the Manager are listed below:

Management fee

In its capacity as Manager, the Manager is entitled to receive a management fee of 0.125% per month (representing an annualised fee of 1.5% per annum) of the net value of the Portfolio. The Management Fee is calculated monthly and payable monthly in arrears. For the year ended 30 June 2015 the manager was paid a management fee of \$865,059 (2014: Nil). As at 30 June 2015, the balance payable to the manager was \$91,975 (2014: Nil).

Performance fee

In further consideration for the performance of its duties as manager of the Portfolio, the Manager may be entitled to be paid a performance fee (Performance Fee) equal to 15% of any portfolio out performance in excess of a hurdle return being 4% above the 1 year interest rate swap rate. Full details of the terms of the performance fee calculation are disclosed in Note 18 to the financial statements.

For the year ended 30 June 2015, in its capacity as manager, Metage Capital Limited was paid a performance fee amounting to \$1,498,987 (2014: Nil).

Assignment fee

By an assignment deed dated 16 May 2014, the Manager has assigned all right, title and interest to receive 25% of all management and performance fees payable under the Management Agreement to Boutique Investment Management Pty Limited (BIM), an entity associated with Geoff Wilson.

The Company has acknowledged this assignment and undertaken to the Manager and BIM to pay this amount at the same time as the balance of the management fee and performance fee are payable to the Manager. The Company owes no other obligations to BIM.

The Manager has undertaken to BIM not to terminate or amend the terms of the Management Agreement or waive any of its rights under the Management Agreement without the prior written consent of BIM.

Contracts

Other than as stated above, no Director has received or become entitled to receive, a benefit by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related Company with the Director of with a firm of which they are a member or with a Company in which they have substantial financial interest since the inception of the Company.

Equity Instrument Disclosures Relating to Directors

As at the date of this report, the Company's Directors and their related parties held the following interests in the Company:

Ordinary Shares and Options Held

2015

Ordinary	Options
Shares	-
200,000	200,000
150,000	100,000
1,095,001	-
	<u>-</u>
1,445,001	300,000
	Shares 200,000 150,000 1,095,001

^{**} Held through direct and indirect interests

Global Value Fund Limited Directors' Report For the year ended 30 June 2015 (continued)

Remuneration report (audited) (continued)

Equity Instrument Disclosures Relating to Directors (continued)

Directors and Director related entities acquired options in the Company on the same terms and conditions available to other shareholders.

The Directors have not, during or since the end of the financial year, been granted options over unissued shares or interests in shares of the Company as part of their remuneration.

End of Remuneration Report

Insurance and indemnification of officers and auditors

During or since the end of the financial year the Company has given an indemnity or entered into an agreement to indemnify, or paid or agreed to pay insurance premiums.

The Company has paid premiums to insure each of the Directors against liabilities for costs and expenses incurred by them in defending any legal proceedings arising out of their conduct while acting in the capacity of director of the Company, other than conduct involving a wilful breach of duty in relation to the Company or the improper use by the Directors of their position.

Details of the amount of the premium paid in respect of the insurance policies are not disclosed.

No indemnities have been given or insurance premiums paid during or since the end of the financial year, for any person who is or has been an auditor of the Company.

Proceedings on behalf of the company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the Company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Non-audit services

During the year Moore Stephens Sydney, the Company's auditor, did not perform any other services in addition to their statutory duties for the Company. Details of the amounts paid to the auditors and their related parties are disclosed in Note 14 to the financial statements.

The Board of Directors is satisfied that the provision of other assurance services during the year is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The Directors are satisfied that the services disclosed in Note 14 did not compromise the external auditor's independence for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services are reviewed and approved by the Board prior to commencement to ensure they
 do not adversely affect the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- the nature of the services provided do not compromise the general principles relating to the auditor independence in accordance with the APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants set by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board.

Global Value Fund Limited Directors' Report For the year ended 30 June 2015 (continued)

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 15.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of Directors.

Jonathan Trollip Chairman

Sydney 28 September 2015

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Auditor's Independence Declaration to the Directors of Global Value Fund Limited

As lead auditor for the audit of Global Value Fund Limited for the year ended 30 June 2015, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- b. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Global Value Fund Limited during the period.

Moore Stephens Sydney

Moore Stephers Sydney

Chartered Accountants

Muhiddett

Scott Whiddett

Partner

Dated in Sydney, 28 September 2015

Global Value Fund Limited Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income For the year ended 30 June 2015

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

	Note	2015 \$	2014 \$
Net realised gains on disposal of investments Net unrealised gains on market value movement of investments Net realised gains on foreign exchange movement		3,029,446 8,824,619 2,598,402	- - -
Net unrealised gains on foreign exchange movement Interest received Dividends received		242,067 149,537 522,737	- -
Total income		15,366,808	-
Expenses Management fees Performance fees Administration fees Brokerage expense Accounting fees Share registry fees Interest expense Tax fees Directors' fees Legal fees Secretarial fees ASX fees Audit fees Other expenses Total expenses		(865,059) (1,498,987) (122,766) (172,602) (30,000) (46,476) (125,763) (16,500) (95,950) (35,707) (38,832) (50,126) (34,100) (75,083) (3,207,951)	-
Profit before income tax		12,158,857	-
Income tax expense	5	(3,619,958)	
Profit attributable to members of the Company		8,538,899	
Other comprehensive income			
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		8,538,899	
Earnings per share for profit attributable to the ordinary Equity holders of the Company:		Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	19 19	15.22 14.77	-

Global Value Fund Limited Statement of Financial Position For the year ended 30 June 2015

Statement of Financial Position

	Note	2015 \$	2014 \$
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Deferred tax asset	6 7 8 5	26,928,474 80,008 51,742,134 173,579	1 - - -
Total assets		<u>78,924,195</u>	1
Liabilities Trade and other payables Current tax liability Deferred tax liability Total liabilities	9 5 5	1,777,083 866,420 2,722,015 5,365,518	- - - - -
Net Assets		73,558,677	1
Equity Issued capital Profits Reserve Accumulated Losses	10 11 11	65,019,778 9,098,078 (559,179)	1 -
Total Equity		<u>73,558,677</u>	1

Global Value Fund Limited Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 30 June 2015

Statement of Changes in Equity

	Note	Issued Capital \$	Retained Earnings/ (Accumula Losses) \$	ted Profit Rese \$	
Balance at 20 March 2014			-	-	
Profit for the period		-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income for the period		-	-	-	-
Shares issued on incorporation date		1	-	-	1
Balance at 30 June 2014		1	-	-	1
Profit for the year	11	-	8,538,899	-	8,538,899
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-
Transfer of profits during the year	11	-	(9,098,078)	9,098,078	-
Shares issued, net of transaction costs	10	65,019,777	-	-	65,019,777
Balance at 30 June 2015		<u>65,019,778</u>	(559,179)	9,098,078	73,558,677

Global Value Fund Limited Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 30 June 2015

Statement of Cash Flows

	Note	2015 \$	2014 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Proceeds from sale of investments		28,794,540	-
Payment for investments		(68,701,636)	-
Realised foreign exchange gain		2,598,402	-
Interest received		145,088	-
Dividends received		547,092	-
Interest paid		(99,167)	-
Management fees paid		(773,084)	-
Payment for other expenses		(639,504)	
Net cash (used in) operating activities		(38,128,269)	
Cash flows from financing activities			
Share issued on incorporation		_	1
Share issue transaction costs, gross of tax		(683,671)	-
Shares issued on initial public offering		54,084,718	-
Shares issued on options exercised		3,775,150	-
Shares issued on placement		7,638,478	
Net cash provided by financing activities		64,814,675	1
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held		26,686,406	1
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial period		1	-
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash & cash equivalents		242,067	_
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial period	6	26,928,474	1

1 General information

Global Value Fund Limited (the "Company") is a listed public company domiciled in Australia. The address of the Company's registered office is C/- Merton's Corporate Services Pty Limited, Level 7, 330 Collins Street, Melbourne. The Company allotted 54,961,600 shares at \$1.00 per share on 14 July 2014. The Company was admitted to the official list on 18 July 2014 and official quotation of the securities on the ASX commenced on 21 July 2014, when the Company began its operations.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 28 September 2015 by the Directors of the Company.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. The Company is a forprofit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

Except for cash flow information, the financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected financial assets and financial liabilities.

The financial statements of the Company also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

(b) Financial instruments

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. For financial assets, trade date accounting is adopted, which is equivalent to the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the assets. Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs related to instruments classified "at fair value through profit or loss" are expensed to the profit or loss immediately.

(ii) Classification and subsequent measurement

Investments such as shares in publicly listed and unlisted companies, exchange traded call and put options and investments in fixed interest securities are subsequently measured at fair value and are presented in the profit or loss on a liquidity basis. The Company may short sell securities. Short sales or borrowed stock are classified as a financial liability and are revalued to fair value through the profit or loss.

(iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified "at fair value through the profit or loss" when they are held for trading for the purpose of short-term profit taking. Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are included in the profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

(iv) Derivative Instruments

Derivative instruments are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are taken to the profit or loss.

(v) Fair value

Fair value is determined based on current market prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value for all unlisted securities, including recent arm's length transactions and reference to similar instruments.

(vi) Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised on a first-in first-out ("FIFO") basis where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party, whereby the Company no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are either discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in the profit or loss

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(c) Revenue recognition

Dividend income is recognised in the profit or loss on the day on which the relevant investment is first quoted on an "ex-dividend" basis and is presented net of any unrecoverable withholding taxes.

Interest revenue is recognised as it accrues, taking into account the effective yield on the financial asset net of any withholding taxes.

(d) Foreign currency

The financial statements of the Company are presented in Australian Dollars (A\$), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated into Australian Dollars at the exchange rate at the transaction date. At each reporting date, assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the reporting date. Foreign exchange gains or losses resulting from the settlement of foreign denominated assets and liabilities will be recognised in profit and loss. Net exchange gains and losses arising on the revaluation of investments will be included in net gains or losses on investments.

(e) Income tax

The income tax expense/(benefit) for the period comprises current income tax expense/(benefit) and deferred tax expense/(benefit).

Current income tax expense charged to profit or loss is the tax payable on taxable income. Current tax liabilities/(assets) are measured at the amounts expected to be paid to/(recovered from) the relevant taxation authority.

Deferred income tax expense reflects movements in deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability balances during the period as well as unused tax losses.

Current and deferred income tax expense/(benefit) is charged or credited outside profit or loss when the tax relates to items that are recognised outside profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled and their measurement also reflects the manner in which management expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of the related asset or liability.

Deferred tax assets relating to temporary differences and unused tax losses are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the benefits of the deferred tax asset can be utilised.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists and it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where: (a) a legally enforceable right of set-off exists; and (b) the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur in future periods in which significant amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be recovered or settled.

(f) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), unless GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included in other receivables or other payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(h) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables relate to outstanding settlement as well as accrued income in relation to interest and dividends receivable. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

(i) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for outstanding settlements as well as services provided to the Company prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature, they are measured at amortised costs and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

(j) Issued capital

Ordinary shares will be classified as equity. Costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares will be recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

(k) Profits reserve

A profits reserve has been created representing an amount allocated from retained earnings that is preserved for future dividend payments.

(I) Dividends

Dividends are recognised when declared during the financial year and no longer at the discretion of the Company

(m) Earnings per share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares
- by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial period, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the period and excluding treasury shares.

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

(n) Operating segments

The Company has only one reportable segment. The Company is engaged solely in investment activities, deriving revenue from dividend income, interest income and from the sale of its investments.

The Company continues to have foreign exposure as it invests in companies which operate internationally.

(o) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The Directors evaluate the estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and the best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data.

There are no estimates or judgements that have a material impact on the Company's financial results for the year ended 30 June 2015. All material financial assets are valued by reference to quoted prices and therefore no significant estimates or judgements are required in respect to their valuation.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(p) New accounting standards and interpretations

Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the AASB that are not yet mandatorily applicable to the Company, together with an assessment of the potential impact of such pronouncements on the Company when adopted in future periods, are discussed below:

AASB 9: *Financial Instruments* and associated Amending Standards (applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018).

The Standard will be applicable retrospectively (subject to the provisions on hedge accounting outlined below) and includes revised requirements for the classification and measurement of financial instruments, revised recognition and derecognition requirements for financial instruments and simplified requirements for hedge accounting.

The key changes that may affect the Company on initial application include certain simplifications to the classification of financial assets, simplifications to the accounting of embedded derivatives, upfront accounting for expected credit loss, and the irrevocable election to recognise gains and losses on investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading in other comprehensive income. AASB 9 also introduces a new model for hedge accounting that will allow greater flexibility in the ability to hedge risk, particularly with respect to hedges of non-financial items. Should the entity elect to change its hedge policies in line with the new hedge accounting requirements of the Standard, the application of such accounting would be largely prospective.

3 Financial risk management

The Company's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, trading portfolios, trade and other receivables and trade and other payables.

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Board of the Company, with the Investment Manager has implemented a risk management framework to mitigate these risks.

(a) Market risk

The standard defines this as the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices.

(i) Foreign exchange risk

The Company invests in global listed securities and enters into transactions that are denominated in currencies other than its functional currency. Consequently, the Company is exposed to the movements in exchange rates that may have an adverse affect on the fair value of future cash flows of the Company's financial assets denominated in currencies other than Australian dollars.

The Investment Manager identifies measures and manages exchange rate risk by examining each component in the investment portfolio in a way that looks beyond the currency of denomination to the underlying exposures presented by each investment. These exposures are then aggregated across the portfolio so that overall currency risk can be assessed and managed as appropriate in accordance with the investment mandate. The Investment Manager has estimated and reported currency exposures of the investment portfolio as at 30 June 2015 as follows:

	Net currency exposure 30 June 2015 *
	%
United States Dollar	39
Euro	19
Pound Sterling	13
Chinese Renminbi	11
Other Currencies	18
	100

*as percentage of portfolio exposure

(ii) Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk. This arises from investments held by the Company and classified in the Statement of Financial Position as financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

- 3 Financial risk management (continued)
- (a) Market risk (continued)
- (ii) Price risk (continued)

The Company's portfolio of investments gives rise to price risk as follows:

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Financial Assets	•	•
Australian and overseas equities	50,917,108	-
Derivative financial instruments ¹	<u>38,870,519</u>	
	<u>89,787,627</u>	

¹ This represents the aggregate notional value of all derivatives

A detailed analysis of the Company's portfolio is presented on page 5. The sensitivity of derivative instruments to changes in price depends upon the notional value of the underlying instrument as this will determine the value of the contractual commitments as at the reporting date. The fair value of derivative instruments is derived from the movement in notional value since inception. The Company's equity swap portfolio is closed and re-opened each month end such that the fair value of the swap contracts as at reporting date is nil, although the inherent price risk is significant.

In view of the interrelationship between price risk, interest rate risk and currency risk, as well as the complexities of measuring the impact of price changes on a partially hedged portfolio, the Directors do not consider it possible or meaningful to provide a simple analysis of the sensitivity of the portfolio to general changes in price.

(iii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on the fair value of financial assets and liabilities as defined by their future cash flows. Whilst the Company does not invest to any significant extent directly into fixed income securities, the Company does have some exposure to interest rates through the underlying exposures of its investments. The Investment Manager and the Board of Directors have estimated that the aggregate impact of these exposures on the broader portfolio is minimal. The Directors, therefore, do not consider it necessary, or meaningful, to provide an analysis of the sensitivity of the portfolio to changes in interest rates.

The table below summarises the Company's exposure to interest rate risks. It includes the Company's assets and liabilities at fair values, categorised by the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity dates.

At 30 June 2015	Floating Interest rate \$	Non- Interest bearing \$	Total \$
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents	26,928,474		26.928.474
Trade and other receivables	20,920,474	80,008	80,008
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	-	51,742,134	51,742,134
Financial liabilities	26,928,474	51,822,142	78,750,616
Trade and other payables Current tax liabilities	-	(1,777,083) (866,420)	(1,777,083) (866.420)
Current tax naminies		(2,643,503)	(2,643,503)
Net exposure to interest rate risk	26,928,474	49,178,639	76,107,113

Total

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

Credit risk primarily arises from investments in debt securities and from trading derivative products. Other credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, and deposits with banks and other financial institutions.

With respect to credit risk arising from the financial assets of the Company, the Company's exposure to credit risk arises from default of the counterparty, with the current exposure equal to the fair value of these investments as disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position. This does not represent the maximum risk exposure that could arise in the future as a result of changes in values, but best represents the current maximum exposure at the reporting date. The Company held no collateral as security or any other credit enhancements.

Management of the risk

The risk was managed as follows:

- Receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Company has no debts past due or impaired; and
- Non-derivative investment transactions are settled on a "Delivery versus payment" basis through international clearing systems. Derivative investment transactions are only contracted with Credit Suisse, an investment grade counter-party.

(c) Liquidity risk

The standard defines this as the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

The Investment Manager maintains sufficient unencumbered cash balances to ensure the Company can meet its liabilities as and when they fall due.

The Company's inward cash flows depend upon the level of dividend, distribution revenue received and sale of liquid assets. Should these decrease by a material amount, the Company would amend its outward cash flows accordingly. As the Company's major cash outflows are the purchase of securities and dividends paid to shareholders, the level of both of these is managed by the Board and Investment Manager.

The assets of the Company are largely in the form of readily tradeable securities which can be sold on-market if necessary.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities at year end date.

The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities

At 30 June 2015	Less than 1 month \$	More than 1 month \$	contractual undiscounted cash flows \$
Financial liabilities			
Trade and other payables Current tax liabilities	1,777,083 	- 866,420	1,777,083 866,420
Total financial liabilities	1,777,083	866,420	2,643,503

4 Fair value measurements

The Company measures and recognises its financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") on a recurring basis.

(a) Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13: Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information using a fair value hierarchy reflecting the significance of the inputs in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy consists of the following levels:

- (a) quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1)
- (b) inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) (level 2), and
- (c) inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

(i) Recognised fair value measurements

The following table presents the Company's assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value at 30 June 2015.

At 30 June 2015	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$
Financial assets at FVTPL Australian and overseas listed equity securities Derivative financial instruments 1	45,588,577 825,026	5,328,531	- -	50,917,108 825,026
Total financial assets	46,413,603	5,328,531	-	51,742,134

¹ As disclosed on page 5 and in Note 3(a)(ii), the aggregate notional value of all derivatives included in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy is \$38.870,519

Included within Level 1 of the hierarchy are listed investments. The fair value of these financial assets has been based on the closing quoted last prices at the end of the reporting year, excluding transaction costs.

The majority of investments included in Level 2 of the hierarchy include amounts due to be received upon the liquidation of closed end funds. As these funds ceased trading prior to the end of the year the valuation technique used to determine value attributed to these investments is, the fair value of all consideration due and payable to the company by the liquidators of the investee fund.

There were no transfers between levels for recurring fair value measurements during the period.

The Company's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting year.

(ii) Recognised fair value measurements

For all financial instruments other than those measured at fair value their carrying value approximates fair value.

The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

		2015 \$	2014 \$
5 Income tax expense		Ψ	Ψ
(a) Numerical reconciliation to prima facie tax payab			
Prima facie tax on profit before in Tax effect of amounts which are in calculating taxable income:		3,647,657	-
Franked dividends receivable	2	(2,547)	-
Imputation credit gross up Foreign income tax offset gro	ess un	2,842 7,937	-
Franking credit offset	00 up	(9,474)	-
Foreign income tax offset		(26,457)	_
Income tax expense		<u>3,619,958</u>	
The applicable weighted average	e effective tax rates are as follows:	29.8%	-
Total income tax expense resu	ilts from:		
Current tax liability		866,420	-
Deferred tax liability Deferred tax asset		2,722,015 31,523	-
Income tax expense		3,619,958	
(b) Current tax liability			
Opening balance		_	_
Current year income tax payable		866,420	
Closing balance		866,420	
(c) Deferred tax assets			
The balance comprises tempo	rary differences attributable to:		
Accruals		9,499	-
Capitalised costs		<u>164,080</u>	_
		<u>173,579</u>	
Movements: Opening balance		_	_
Charged/credited:		_	_
to profit or lossdirectly to equity		(31,523)	-
Closing balance		<u>205,102</u> <u>173,579</u>	
(d) Deferred tax liabilities			
(,,	vom differences ettributeble to		
	rary differences attributable to:	0.700.000	
Fair value adjustments Accruals		2,720,006 	
		<u>2,722,015</u>	-
Movements:			
Opening balance Charged/credited:		-	-
- to profit or loss		2,722,015	
Closing balance		<u>2,722,015</u>	=

	2015 \$	2014 \$
6 Cash and cash equivalents	Ψ	Ψ
Cash at bank	26,928,474	1
The Company makes use of swap contracts with its Prime Broker to such contracts result in much of the notional investment value, being Company's balance sheet as cash.		
7 Trade and other receivables		
Dividends receivable GST receivable Other receivable	15,189 35,382 <u>29,437</u>	- - -
	80,008	
Receivables are non-interest bearing and unsecured.		
Fair value and credit risk		
Due to the short-term nature of these receivables, their carrying amovalue.	unt is assumed to approximate the	eir fair
8 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are all held for trad-	ding and include the following:	
Australian and overseas listed equity securities Derivative financial instruments	50,917,108 <u>825,026</u>	- -
	51,742,134	
Changes in fair values of financial assets at fair value through profit of Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.	or loss are recorded as income in	the
9 Trade and other payables		
Management fees payable Performance fees payable Due to brokers Interest payable Other payables	91,975 1,498,987 41,083 26,596 118,442	- - - -
	1,777,083	
Trade and other payables primarily relate to outstanding settlements	s and are usually paid within 30 d	lavs of

Trade and other payables primarily relate to outstanding settlements and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

The carrying amounts of trade and other payables are assumed to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

10 Issued capital (a) Share capital		No. of shares	2015 \$
Ordinary shares	65.6°	18,26 <u>3</u>	65,019,778
(b) Movements in ordinary share capital			
	Number of shares	Application price	on \$
Opening balance Shares issued under IPO Options exercised for \$1.00 per share Share placement Cost of issued capital, net of tax	1 54,961,600 3,775,150 6,881,512	\$1.00 \$1.00 * \$1.00 \$1.11	1 54,084,718 3,775,150 7,638,478 (478,569)
Closing balance	65,618,263		65,019,778

On 14 July 2014, the Company issued 54,961,600 fully paid ordinary shares under the initial public offering at an application price of \$1.00 per share.

*Under the offer, Retail Applicants who were not part of the WAM Priority Offer or the General Offer paid a service fee of 2.75 cents per share to their broker. The issue price of shares allotted for Retail Applicants was \$0.9725 per share.

On 14 July 2014, as part of the initial public offering of the Company, 54,961,600 options were issued to acquire ordinary shares in the Company at an exercise price of \$1.00. The options can be exercised at any time on or before 17 March 2016. The options give the shareholders the right but not the obligation to subscribe for shares in GVF at \$1.00 per share. The options can be exercised in full or in part. The options are currently trading on the ASX under the code GVFO.

On 26 February 2015, the Company had successfully raised \$7.6 million through the Placement of 6,881,512 ordinary shares with a free attached option to sophisticated and professional investors at an issue price of \$1.11 per share. Under the Placement, 6,881,512 options were issued at an exercise price of \$1.00 per share. The options can be exercised at any time on or before 17 March 2016. The Placement was within the Company's capacity under ASX Listing rule 7.1 and 7.1a and did not require shareholder approval.

(c) Capital risk management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor and market confidence. The overall strategy remains unchanged.

To achieve this, the Directors monitor the monthly NTA results, investment performance, the Company's Indirect Cost Ratio and share price movements.

The Board is focused on maximising returns to shareholders with active capital management a key objective of the Company.

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

.

		Note	2015 \$	2014 \$
11	Profits reserve and accumulated losses	11010	•	•
(a)	Profits reserve			
Profit	rs reserve		9,098,078	_
Move	ements:			
Trans	ning balance sfer of profits during the year ends paid		9,098,078	- - -
			9,098,078	
(b)	Accumulated losses			
Move	ements:			
Net p	ning balance profit for the period sfer of profits during the year		8,538,899 (9,098,078) (559,179)	- -
12	Dividends			
(a)	Dividends paid			
No di	vidend was paid during the year ended 30 June 2015.			
(b)	Dividends not recognised at the end of the financial year		2015 \$	2014 \$
cents at 30 21 O to be date)	e year end, the Directors have declared a final dividend of 2.0 s per fully paid ordinary share, fully franked based on tax paid %. The aggregate amount of the dividend with an ex date of ctober 2015 and a record date of 23 October 2015, expected e paid (assuming no options are exercised prior to record on 6 November 2015 out of the profits reserve at 30 June, but not recognised as a liability at year end, is:			<u> </u>

(c) Dividend reinvestment plan

The Company has a dividend reinvestment plan ("DRP") which the Directors are considering revising. Under the current plan, holders of ordinary shares may elect to have all or part of their dividend entitlements satisfied by the issue of new ordinary shares rather than by being paid in cash. However, there is no DRP to be implemented for this dividend.

	2015	2014 \$
12 Dividends (continued)	Ψ	Φ
(d) Dividend franking account		
The franked portions of the final dividends recommended after 30 June 2015 franking credits or out of franking credits arising from the payment of income 2015.		
Opening balance of franking account Franking credits on dividends received Tax paid during the period	9,474 	- - -
Closing balance of franking account	9,474	
Franking credits on dividends receivable Adjustments for tax payable/refundable in respect of the current	3,605	-
year's profits and the receipt of dividends	866,420	
Adjusted franking account balance	<u>879,499</u>	
Impact on the franking account of dividends proposed or declared before the financial report authorised for issue but not recognised as a distribution to equity holders during the period	(589,073)	
Franking credits available for subsequent reporting periods based on a tax rate of 30.0%	<u>290,426</u>	
The Company's ability to continue to pay franked dividends is dependent up from investments and the payment of tax.	on the receipt of frank	ed dividends
13 Key management personnel disclosures		
(a) Key management personnel compensation		
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	87,453 8,497	
	95,950	

Detailed remuneration disclosures are provided in the remuneration report on pages 11 to 13.

(b) Equity instrument disclosures relating to key management personnel

(i) Option holdings

The numbers of options over ordinary shares in the Company that were held during the financial year by each Director, including their personally related parties, are set out below.

2015	Balance at 1 July			Balance at 30 June
Name	2014	Granted	Disposed	2015
Directors of Global Value Fund Limited			-	
Jonathan Trollip **	-	200,000	-	200,000
Chris Cuffe **	-	100,000	-	100,000
Geoff Wilson **	-	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	-
Miles Staude	<u>-</u>	-		<u>-</u>
		1,300,000	(1,000,000)	300,000

^{**} held through direct and indirect interests

Directors and Director related entities disposed of and acquired ordinary shares in the Company on the same terms and conditions available to other shareholders.

There were no options outstanding as at 30 June 2014.

13 Key management personnel disclosures (continued)

(b) Equity instrument disclosures relating to key management personnel (continued)

(ii) Shareholdings

The numbers of shares in the Company held during the financial year by each Director, including their personally related parties, are set out below. There were no shares granted during the financial year as compensation.

2015

Director	Balance at 1 July 2014	Acquisitions Options Exercised	Disposals	Balance 30 June 2015
Jonathan Trollip **	-	200,000	-	200,000
Chris Cuffe **	-	100,000	-	100,000
Geoffrey Wilson **	1	1,095,000	-	1,095,001
Miles Staude		_	-	_
	1	1,395,000		1,395,001

^{**} Held through direct and indirect interests

2014

Director	Balance at 20 March 2014	Acquisitions/ Options Exercised	Disposals	Balance 30 June 2014
Jonathan Trollip **	-	-	-	-
Chris Cuffe **	-	-	-	-
Geoffrey Wilson **	1	-	-	1
Miles Staude		-	-	<u> </u>
	1	-		1

^{**} Held through direct and indirect interests

14 Remuneration of auditors

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Company, its related practices and non-related audit firms:

Moore Stephens Sydney

	2015	2014
	\$	\$
Audit and other assurance services Audit and review of financial statements	35,800	-
Other assurance Other assurance	34,807	
Total remuneration for audit and other assurance services	70,607	
Taxation services Tax compliance services	29,160	
Total remuneration of Moore Stephens Sydney	99,767	

The Board of Directors oversees the relationship with the Company's External Auditors. The board reviews the scope of the audit and the proposed fee. It also reviews the cost and scope of other audit-related tax compliance services provided by the audit firm, to ensure that they do not compromise independence.

15 Contingencies and commitments

The Company had no material contingent liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2015.

16 Related party transactions

All transactions with related parties were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates. For the year ended 30 June 2015, there were no related party transactions entered into by the Company.

Miles Staude, a Director of the Company, is also an employee of the Manager, Metage Capital Limited. The associated fees payable to the Manager and other related entities are listed below:

16 Related party transactions (continued)

Management fee

In its capacity as manager, the Manager is entitled to receive a management fee of 0.125% per month (representing an annualised fee of 1.5% per annum) of the net value of the Portfolio. For the year ended 30 June 2015 the manager was paid a management fee of \$865,059 (2014: Nil). As at 30 June 2015, the balance payable to the manager was \$91,975 (2014: Nil)

Performance fee

In return for the performance of its duties as manager of the Portfolio, the Manager is entitled to be paid a performance fee (**Performance Fee**) of 15% of PO where PO for a Performance Calculation Period is calculated in accordance with the following formula:

 $PO = (AGAV) - (NAV \times (1 + (HR \times Day Count)))$

where:

PO is the portfolio outperformance to be used in calculating the Performance Fee outlined above;

AGAV is the adjusted gross asset value and calculated by adding back to the Gross Asset Value any Australian corporate taxes accrued or paid by the Company in the relevant Performance Calculation Period;

NAV is the Net Asset Value calculated on the last Business Day of the preceding Performance Calculation Period or, if there is no preceding Performance Calculation Period, on the commencement date of the Agreement.

HR is the hurdle rate which is 4 percentage points above the mid-price of the Australian Financial Markets Association 1 year Interest Rate Swap Reference Rate published on the last Business Day prior to the start of the Performance Period, or, if there is no preceding Performance Calculation Period, on the Commencement Date, represented on Bloomberg by the BBSW1MD Index series.

Day count is the number of days which have elapsed in the current Performance Calculation Period divided by 365.

Once a Performance Fee has been paid, no further Performance Fee may be accrued or paid unless and then only to the extent that the Adjusted Gross Asset Value increases above the level at which a Performance Fee was previously paid, or if no Performance Fee has been paid, above the Net Asset Value on the Commencement Date.

The Company must calculate the Performance Fee monthly and must pay the Performance Fee to the Manager annually in arrears within 20 business days of the end of the relevant Performance Calculation Period.

For the year ended 30 June 2015, in its capacity as manager, Metage Capital Limited was paid a performance fee amounting to \$1,498,987 (2014: Nil).

The term of the Management Agreement is 5 years unless terminated earlier in accordance with the Agreement.

Assignment fee

By an assignment deed dated 16 May 2014, the Manager has assigned all right, title and interest to receive 25% of all management and performance fees payable under the Management Agreement to Boutique Investment Management Pty Limited (BIM), an entity associated with Geoff Wilson.

The Company has acknowledged this assignment and undertaken to the Manager and BIM to pay this amount at the same time as the balance of the management fee and performance fee are payable to the Manager. The Company owes no other obligations to BIM.

The Manager has undertaken to BIM not to terminate or amend the terms of the Management Agreement or waive any of its rights under the Management Agreement without the prior written consent of BIM.

17 Events occurring after the reporting period

Since year-end, the Board declared a final dividend of 2.0 cents per share fully franked to be paid on 6 November 2015.

No other matters or circumstances have occurred subsequent to year end that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in subsequent financial years.

	2015 \$	2014 \$
18 Reconciliation of profit after income tax to net cash inflow from operating activities	Ψ	•
Profit for the period Unrealised foreign exchange gains Unrealised (gains) on market value movement	8,538,899 (242,067) (8,824,619)	- - -
Change in operating assets and liabilities: (Increase) in trade and other receivables (Increase) in investments held for trading (Increase) in deferred tax assets Increase in trade and other payables Increase in provision for income taxes payable Increase in deferred tax liabilities	(80,008) (42,712,413) (173,579) 1,777,083 866,420 2,722,015	- - - - -
Net cash (outflow) from operating activities	(38,128,269)	
19 Earnings per share	2015 \$	2014 \$
Profit after income tax used in the calculation of earnings per share	<u>8,538,899</u>	
(a) Basic earnings per share	Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company	<u> 15.22</u>	
(b) Diluted earnings per share		
Diluted earnings per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company	<u> 14.77</u>	
(c) Weighted average number of shares used as denominator	No. of shares	No. of shares
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	56,097,413	1
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share	<u>57,831,319</u>	1
Reconciliation of weighted average number of shares:		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	56,097,413	1
Weighted average number of potential ordinary shares used in the Calculation of diluted earnings per share	1,733,906	-
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share	<u>57,831,319</u>	1

Global Value Fund Limited Directors' Declaration For the year ended 30 June 2015

In accordance with a resolution of the Directors of Global Value Fund Limited, the Directors of the Company declare that:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 16 to 34 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) complying with Australian Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2015 and of its performance for the year ended on that date, and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- (c) note 2(a) confirms that the financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board; and
- (d) a Director of the Manager, Metage Capital Limited has declared that:
 - (i) the financial records of the Company for the financial year have been properly maintained in accordance with section 286 of the *Corporations Act 2001*;
 - (ii) the financial statements and notes for the financial year comply with the Accounting Standards; and
 - (iii) the financial statements and notes for the year give a true and fair view.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Jonathan Trollip Chairman

Sydney 28 September 2015

Instructione Mup

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Independent Auditor's Report
To the Members of Global Value Fund Limited
A.B.N. 90 168 653 521

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Global Value Fund Limited (the "Company"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2015, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the directors' declaration.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1, the directors also state that, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

MOORE STEPHENS

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion:

- a) the financial report of Global Value Fund Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001, including:
 - i. giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2015 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 11 to 13 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2015. The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion the remuneration report of Global Value Fund Limited for the year ended 30 June 2015 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Moore Stephens Sydney

Moore Stephens Sydney

Chartered Accountants

SMuhiddett Scott Whiddett

Partner

Dated in Sydney, 28 September 2015

The Shareholder information set out below was applicable as at 15 September 2015.

Additional information required by the Australian Securities Exchange Limited Listing Rules and not disclosed elsewhere in this report, is listed below.

A. Distribution of equity securities

Analysis of numbers of equity security holders by size of holding:

	Class of equity security Ordinary shares		
Holding	No of Shareholders	Shares	Percentage (%)
1 – 1000 1,001 – 5,000 5,001 – 10,000 10,001 – 100,000 100,001 and over	25 324 398 1,131 75 1,953	15,096 1,220,047 3,723,481 41,589,997 20,436,820 66,985,441	0.023 1.821 5.559 62.088 30.509
There were 7 security holders with less than a marketable parcel of or	rdinary shares.		
Analysis of numbers of option holders by size of holding:			
1 – 1000 1,001 – 5,000 5,001 – 10,000 10,001 – 100,000	5 241 259 724	4,050 922,124 2,472,541 28,436,438	0.007 1.626 4.361 50.152

92

1,321

24,865,631

56,700,784

Ordinary shares

43.854

100.000

B. Equity security holders

100,001 and over

Twenty largest quoted equity security holders

	Ordinary S	iiai 63
Name	Number held	Percentage of issued shares (%)
HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	4,331,784	6.467
DYNASTY PEAK PTY LTD <the a="" avoca="" c="" fund="" super=""></the>	1,045,000	1.560
MRS PHILIPPA BLOMFIELD	1,000,000	1.493
CHARANDA NOMINEE COMPANY PTY LTD <greycliffe a="" c="" fund="" super=""></greycliffe>	750,000	1.120
EQUITAS NOMINEES PTY LIMITED <pb-600734 a="" c=""></pb-600734>	604,000	0.902
UBS NOMINEES PTY LTD	460,526	0.688
NEJA PTY LTD	400,000	0.597
JEAN PLUMMER	400,000	0.597
PLUSH NOMINEES PTY LTD <plush a="" c="" superannuation=""> AUSTRALIAN PHILANTHROPIC SERVICES FOUNDATION PTY LTD <aps< td=""><td>400,000</td><td>0.597</td></aps<></plush>	400,000	0.597
FOUNDATION A/C> DR HEATHER MARY WADDY & DR PETER JOHN WADDY & MR JOHN ALBERT	300,000	0.448
RAWSON <est a="" c="" john="" lane="" waddy=""></est>	300,000	0.448
MR JOHN HENRY KILIAN BRUNNER	299,310	0.447
HOLDREY PTY LTD <the a="" c="" don="" family="" mathieson=""></the>	250,000	0.373
OTP PTY LTD <otp a="" c="" fund="" super=""></otp>	250,000	0.373
MITHRA PTY LTD <superannuation account=""></superannuation>	230,430	0.344
THE PUSSYCATS UNCLE PTY LTD <the a="" c="" pussycats="" uncle=""></the>	205,000	0.306
AGREG PTY LTD <minton a="" c="" fund="" super=""></minton>	200,000	0.299
ALPAN PTY LIMITED MR ERIC GEORGE BAKER & MRS JANINE MARIE BAKER <kameruka super<="" td=""><td>200,000</td><td>0.299</td></kameruka>	200,000	0.299
A/C>	200,000	0.299
BAMMACK PTY LTD <bammack #3="" a="" c="" f="" s=""></bammack>	200,000	0.299
BEARAY PTY LIMITED <brian a="" c="" clayton="" f="" s=""></brian>	200,000	0.299

B. Equity security holders (continued)

Twenty largest quoted equity security holders

I wenty largest quoted equity security noiders	Ordinary shares	
Name	Number held	Percentage of issued shares (%)
BOND STREET CUSTODIANS LIMITED <3M1MR - M00576 A/C>	200,000	0.299
CRAIGARD INVESTMENTS PTY LIMITED <the a="" c="" fund="" mcconnochie="" s=""></the>	200,000	0.299
DIRDOT PTY LIMITED <griffith a="" c="" fund="" super=""></griffith>	200,000	0.299
ERNEST BENNETT & ASSOCIATES PTY LTD MR JOHN STEPHEN MICHAEL HEATHERS & MRS MARGARET JEAN HEATHERS	200,000	0.299
<heathers a="" c="" f="" family="" s=""></heathers>	200,000	0.299
MR ANDREW MACDONALD & MRS MARIA RITA MACDONALD <61 MOR SUPER FUND A/C>	200,000	0.299
NOOSA VALLEY SPORT & RECREATION PTY LTD < NOOSA VALLEY CNTRY CLB A/C>	200,000	0.299
PIASTER PTY LTD <trollip a="" c="" family="" superfund=""></trollip>	200,000	0.299
QUIZETE PTY LTD <sanwa a="" c="" fund="" super=""></sanwa>	200,000	0.299
TOSCANA PTY LTD	200,000	0.299
MR MICHAEL AUSTIN WRIGHT & MRS MARY JUANITA WRIGHT <mijua a="" c=""></mijua>	200,000	0.299
	14,426,050	21.536

Twenty largest options holders

	Options	
Name	Number held	Percentage of options (%)
HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	4,415,456	7.787
NSR INVESTMENTS PTY LTD < NSR SUPER FUND A/C>	1,000,000	1.764
MR NICHOLAS PAUL JENKINS	968,805	1.709
EQUITAS NOMINEES PTY LIMITED <pb-600734 a="" c=""></pb-600734>	604,000	1.065
MR CLARENCE ALLAN BIEBER	500,000	0.882
MR ALAN JOHN WHITEHILL	462,000	0.815
QUIZETE PTY LTD <sanwa a="" c="" fund="" super=""> PACIFIC COAST NOMINEES PTY LIMITED <diamond coast="" fund<="" super="" td=""><td>450,000</td><td>0.794</td></diamond></sanwa>	450,000	0.794
A/C>	390,000	0.688
PATHOLD NO 62 PTY LIMITED <vivat a="" c="" fund="" s="" veritas=""></vivat>	360,000	0.635
WIDE EAGLE PTY LTD < CHENG LEE SUPER FUND A/C>	350,000	0.617
GRATEDOCK PTY LTD <super a="" c=""></super>	307,625	0.543
MRS HELEN HALYNA BAKER <real a="" c=""> MR PETER MICHAEL ANTAW & MRS VICTORIA MARY ANTAW <petavic a="" c="" fund="" super=""></petavic></real>	305,000 300,000	0.538 0.529
BAMMACK PTY LTD <bammack #3="" a="" c="" f="" s=""></bammack>	300,000	0.529
MITHRA PTY LTD <superannuation account=""></superannuation>	300,000	0.529
YARRANDI INVESTMENTS PTY LIMITED <the a="" c="" yarrandi=""></the>	300,000	0.529
CAHIF SUPER PTY LTD <cahif a="" c="" f="" s=""> MR GEOFFREY EDWARD HART & MRS ROSLYN MARY HART <harts of<="" td=""><td>283,900</td><td>0.501</td></harts></cahif>	283,900	0.501
GORDON SUPER A/C>	281,200	0.496
MR WEI XIE & MS YUN CHU	270,000	0.476
77 ENTERPRISES PTY LIMITED <cowley account="" fund="" super=""></cowley>	250,000	0.441
CHARANDA NOMINEE COMPANY PTY LTD <greycliffe a="" c="" fund="" super=""></greycliffe>	250,000	0.441
DIRDOT PTY LIMITED <griffith a="" c="" fund="" super=""></griffith>	250,000	0.441
HOLDREY PTY LTD <the a="" c="" don="" family="" mathieson=""></the>	250,000	0.441
MR MAXWELL TASMAN LACEY	250,000	0.441
OTP PTY LTD <otp a="" c="" fund="" super=""> DR HEATHER MARY WADDY & DR PETER JOHN WADDY & MR JOHN ALBERT RAWSON <est a="" c="" john="" lane="" waddy=""></est></otp>	250,000 250,000	0.441 0.441
MR PHILIP WHARTON	250,000	0.441
WIT FILLE WEAKTON		24.952
-	14,147,986	24.952

C. Substantial holders

The Company has not been advised of any shareholder holding a substantial shareholding in Global Value Fund Limited.

D. Voting rights

The voting rights attaching to each class of equity securities are set out below:

Each share is entitled to one vote when poll is called, otherwise each member present at a meeting or by proxy has one vote on a show of hands.

E. Stock Exchange listing

Quotation has been granted for all of the ordinary shares and options of the Company on all Member Exchanges of the ASX Limited.

F. Unquoted Securities

There are no unquoted shares.

G. Securities Subject to Voluntary Escrow

There are no securities subject to voluntary escrow.